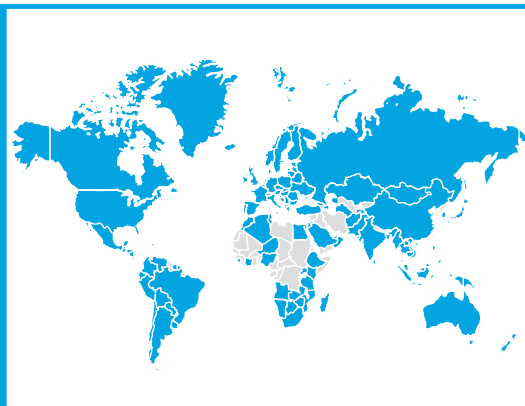


# EXPATRIATES

## Slovenia

### Tax facts for international assignees



#### INCOME TAX: WHO IS LIABLE

The general principle for taxation in Slovenia is that all income arising from all activities undertaken by natural persons is taxed unless the Slovene personal income tax Act (PIT Act) explicitly states that they are exempt from taxation. Exemptions are interpreted in a restricted manner.

Taxation of income further depends on the type of income the individual receives: employment income, income from other contractual relationships, income of the self-employed, rental income, dividends, interest, capital gains, and other income. During the year, advance tax must be paid from each income type either by way of withholding or by way of an assessment by the Tax Authority. The rules to calculate the tax are different for different kinds of income. On an annual basis certain types of income are summed up together and taxed again in accordance with the valid tax schedule.

Tax residents are liable for tax in Slovenia from all income, received anywhere in the world, while nonresidents are liable for tax only from income that has its source in Slovenia if a valid double tax treaty does not state otherwise.

Tax residents of Slovenia have the right to Slovenian tax reliefs and receive an annual informative tax calculation (based on a calendar year). Additional taxes may be owed if, during the year, tax withholdings were not sufficient. In practice, additional tax payments usually arise if an individual receives different types of income as rules to withhold tax are different for different types of income. For nonresidents, the tax assessed/withheld during the year is final.

#### BREAKING RESIDENCY - EXIT PROCEDURES

Upon departure, the personal circumstances of the individual need to be examined in order to determine whether the individual remains tax resident of Slovenia during an assignment or not.

If the individual does not fulfill the criteria for remaining tax resident of Slovenia in accordance with Slovene law, a special procedure to change the individual's status in the tax register needs to be undertaken with the Slovene Tax Authority. For this purpose, a special form needs to be filled out and presented to the Tax Authority together with certain documents. The Tax Authority will then make a formal decision regarding the status of the individual.

In case the individual remains tax resident of Slovenia in accordance with Slovene legislation but is considered tax resident of another country as per the double tax treaty concluded between Slovenia and that country, he will still need to declare all his income in Slovenia but can exercise his rights under the double tax treaty through the monthly/annual tax returns.

## INCOME TAX RATES

Tax rate			
Annual net tax base:		Annual tax in EUR:	
Over	To		
Nil	8,755.00	Nil	16%
8,755.00	25,750.00	1,400.80	+26% for income exceeding 8.755,00 EUR
25,750.00	51,500.00	5,819.50	+33% for income exceeding 25.750,00 EUR
51,500.00	74,160.00	14,317.00	+39% for income exceeding 51.500,00 EUR
74,160.00		23,154.40	+50% for income exceeding 74.160,00 EUR

The net tax base is determined as gross income reduced by mandatory employee social security contributions and, in some cases, tax reliefs and certain costs.

## SOCIAL SECURITY RATES

Income from employment in Slovenia is subject to the following social security rates:

- 22,1% is paid from the employee's gross salary
- 16,1% must be paid by the employer on top of the employee's gross salary.

In case of other types of income certain contributions might be obligatory as well.

**For further information and to register for future updates contact [expat@bdo.global](mailto:expat@bdo.global)**

This publication has been carefully prepared, but it has been written in general terms and should be seen as containing broad statements only. This publication should not be used or relied upon to cover specific situations and you should not act, or refrain from acting, upon the information contained in this publication. No entity of the BDO network, its partners, employees and agents accept or assume any liability or duty of care for any loss arising from any action taken or not taken by anyone in reliance on the information in this publication or for any decision based on it.

The BDO network (referred to as the 'BDO network') is an international network of independent public accounting, tax and advisory firms which are members of BDO International Limited and perform professional services under the name and style of BDO (hereafter: 'BDO member firms'). BDO International Limited is a UK company limited by guarantee. It is the governing entity of the BDO network.

Service provision within the BDO network is coordinated by Brussels Worldwide Services BV, a limited liability company incorporated in Belgium.

Each of BDO International Limited, Brussels Worldwide Services BV and the BDO member firms is a separate legal entity and has no liability for another entity's acts or omissions. Nothing in the arrangements or rules of the BDO network shall constitute or imply an agency relationship or a partnership between BDO International Limited, Brussels Worldwide Services BV and/or the BDO member firms. Neither BDO International Limited nor any other central entities of the BDO network provide services to clients.

BDO is the brand name for the BDO network and for each of the BDO member firms.

The fee income of the member firms in the BDO network, including the members of their exclusive alliances, was US\$ 11.8 billion in 2021. These public accounting, tax and advisory firms provide professional services in 167 countries & territories, with 97,292 people working out of 1,728 offices worldwide.

© Brussels Worldwide Services BV December 2022

[www.bdo.global](http://www.bdo.global)